

Question 1: Comprehension

Read the following passages and choose the correct answers for the following questions:

Virus

The term 'virus' is derived from the Latin word for poison, or slime. It was originally applied to the noxious stench emanating from swamps that was thought to cause a variety of diseases in the centuries before microbes were discovered and specifically linked to illness. But it was not until almost the end of the nineteenth century that a true virus was proven to be the cause of a disease.

1. Which of the following is the best title for the passage.
(A) New Developments in Viral Research
(B) Exploring the Causes of Disease
(C) DNA: Nature's Building Block
(D) Understanding Viruses
2. Before microbes were discovered It was believed that some diseases were caused by
(A) germ-carrying insects
(B) certain strains of bacteria
(C) foul odors released from swamps
(D) slimy creatures living near swamps
3. The word "proven" in line 4 is closest meaning to which of the following.
(A) Shown (B) Feared (C) Imagined (D) Considered
4. The word "nature" in line 6 is closest in meaning to which of the following?
(A) Self-sufficiency (B) Shapes
(C) Characteristics (D) Speed
5. The author implies that bacteria were investigated earlier than viruses because
(A) bacteria are easier to detect
(B) bacteria are harder to eradicate
(C) viruses are extremely poisonous

- (D) viruses are found only in hot climate
6. All of the following may be components of a virus EXCEPT
- (A) RNA (B) plant cells
(C) carbohydrates (D) a coat of protein

Archeology

Archaeology is a source of history, not just a humble auxiliary discipline. Archaeological data are historical documents in their own right, not mere illustrations to written texts. Just as much as any other historian, an archaeologist studies and tries to reconstitute the process that has created the human world in which we live-and us ourselves in so far as we are each creatures of our age and social environment. Archaeological data are all changes in the material world resulting from human action or, more succinctly, the fossilized results of human behavior. The sum total of these constitute what may be called the archaeological record. This record exhibits certain peculiarities and deficiencies the consequences of which produce a rather superficial contrast between archaeological history and the more familiar kind based upon written records.

7. What is the author's main purpose in the passage?
- (A) To point out the importance of recent advances in archaeology
(B) To describe an archaeologist's education
(C) To explain how archaeology is a source of history
(D) To encourage more people to become archaeologists
8. According to the passage, the archaeological record consists of
- (A) spoken words of great historical significance
(B) the fossilize results of human activity
(C) organic materials
(D) ephemeral ideas
9. The word "they" in line 13 refers to
- (A) scraps (B) words (C) troops (D) humans
10. Which of the following is NOT mentioned as an example of an organic material?
- (A) Stone (B) Wool (C) Grass (D) Hair
11. The author mentions all of the following archaeological discovery sites EXCEPT
- (A) urban areas (B) peat bogs
(C) very hot and dry lands (D) earth that has been frozen
12. The paragraph following the passage most probably discusses

- (A) techniques for recording oral histories
- (B) certain battlefield excavation methods
- (C) some specific archaeological discoveries
- (D) building materials of the nineteenth and twentieth centuries

Living and Non-Living Things

The world is made up of many different things. Some of the things are living and others are non-living. A dog, swing set, car, tree, flowers, and a book are some of the things that make up the world.

13. Which of the following is an example of a living thing?
A. Worm B. House C. Baseball D. Car
14. A living thing eats, grow, moves, reproduces and has
A. Size B. Water C. Senses D. Skin
15. A living thing does all of the following EXCEPT:
A. Eats B. Grows C. Moves D. Lives forever
16. Which of the following is an example of a non-living thing?
A. Bird B. Ball C. Cat D. Dog
17. Which of the following best defines reproduce?
A. To eat food to stay alive
B. Breathing in air
C. To move back and forth
D. To make one of its own kind
18. How many senses do living things have?
A. 3 B. 4 C. 5 D. 6

Grammar

Exercise 1: Speech acts:

Choose the correct answer:

- 19- Alex choked on his food because he ate so fast.

(noun- verb- adjective- adverb)

- 20- Mom baked cookies for us.

(noun- verb- adjective- adverb)

Exercise 2: Pronouns Quiz:

Select the pronoun in the following sentences:

- 21- Brian's mother told him to take out the garbage.

(him- out- told- mother)

Exercise 3: Proper Noun Quiz:

Select the proper noun in the following sentences:

22- I wonder if Easter will be early or late this year.

(I- year- Easter- late)

23- My sisters and I are unsure whether we want our mother to run for the Senate.

(my- Senate- sisters- mother)

Exercise 4: Proper noun/ common noun Quiz:

Choose the correct answer

24- The Supreme Court has three important cases to rule on next month.

(Proper Noun- Common Noun)

Exercise 5: Adjective Quiz:

Select the adjective/s in the following sentences

25- Juan handled the breakable glasses very carefully.

(glasses- very- carefully- breakable)

26- The children picked up autumn leaves on their way to school.

(way- children- autumn- school)

Exercise 6: Adverb Quiz:

Select the adverb in the sentence:

27- Darren accidentally deleted three hours of homework with one click.

(deleted- homework- accidentally- with)

Exercise 7: Adjectives or adverbs Quiz:

Choose the correct answer

28- You have to be very careful around wild animals. (adverb- adjective)

Exercise 8: Verbs (is/ are) & (was/ were) Quiz:

Choose the correct answer

29- We (is- are) going to the zoo today.

30- My dad (give - gave) me this book yesterday.

Exercise 9: Comparative & superlative adjectives Quiz:

Choose the correct answer:

31- Mom, his piece of cake is (big- bigger- biggest) than mine!

Exercise 10: Possessive Nouns Quiz:

Choose the correct answer

32- One of that (wagon's-wagons') wheels fell off.

Exercise 11: Pronoun contractions Quiz:

Choose the correct contraction:

33- We are going to two birthday parties this weekend. (we're- W're- Were)

34- Who is going to run for class president this year? (Whose- Who's- Whos')

Choose the common noun or the phrase containing the common noun to fill in each blank.

35. I'd really like some _____ after lunch.

- A. Entenmann's chocolate cake
- B. Vanilla pudding with coconut
- C. Marie Callender's peach pie
- D. Breyer's ice cream

Part D:

Each of these sentences contains a collective noun. Select the correct answer from the options that follow the sentence:

36. Keys, marbles, and rubber bands were just a few of the things in the pile of objects in his drawer.

A – marbles, B – things, C – pile

Exercise 16: Transitive vs. Intransitive verbs

Decide whether the verb in italics are transitive or intransitive:

37. I *ate* the cherries (-----).

Exercise 17: Finite vs. non-finite verbs

Indicate whether the highlighted verb is finite or nonfinite.

38. Paul *RUNS* to work every day

Exercise 18: Direct Object Quiz:

Choose the direct object

39- The students are baking pies in their cooking class.

A: students B: baking C: pies D: class

Exercise 22: Identify the difference accept/ except & affect/ effect:

Choose the correct answer:

40. Our teacher says this quiz will have no (affect- effect) on our final grade.

41. I did all my math homework (accept- except) the last page.

Exercise 23: Their/There/They're, Who's/Whose Quiz:

Choose the correct answer

42. I don't know for sure how (their- there- they're) going to manage that job.

Exercise 25: Select the Suffix Quiz:

Choose the correct answer

43. We were _____ through the park when we saw a squirrel.
(walk)

A. -ed B. -ness C. -er D. -ing

Exercise 26: Prefix Quiz:

Choose the correct answer

44. Mandy rides her _____ to school. (cycle)

A. under- B. bi- C. anti- D. dis-

45. We decided not to see that show after reading the _____.
(view)

A. sub- B. re- C. un- D. super-

Question 3: Translation: Read & Choose the correct answer

Central Park, emerging from a period of abuse and neglect, remains one of the most popular attractions in New York City.

46. The word "abuse" can be translated in Arabic as

a. b. إهمال c. d. تجاهل

47. The word "period" can be translated in Arabic as

a. b. c. d.

Bayliss and Starling demonstrated that chemical integration can occur without participation of the nervous system..... The term "hormone" was first used with reference to *secreting*...."Endocrine" is used to refer to *glands* that secrete products into the bloodstream.

48. The verb phrase “demonstrated that....” can be *best* translated in Arabic as

- a. b. c. يثبت d. سيثبت

49. The word “secreting” can be translated in Arabic as

- a. b. c. تخزين d. حماية

50. The word “gland” can be translated in Arabic as.....

- a. b. إنزيم c. خلية d. عينة